## § 383.52

# §383.52 Disqualification of drivers determined to constitute an imminent hazard.

- (a) The Assistant Administrator or his/her designee must disqualify from operating a CMV any driver whose driving is determined to constitute an imminent hazard, as defined in §383.5.
- (b) The period of the disqualification may not exceed 30 days unless the FMCSA complies with the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section.
- (c) The Assistant Administrator or his/her delegate may provide the driver an opportunity for a hearing after issuing a disqualification for a period of 30 days or less. The Assistant Administrator or his/her delegate must provide the driver notice of a proposed disqualification period of more than 30 days and an opportunity for a hearing to present a defense to the proposed disqualification. A disqualification imposed under this paragraph may not exceed one year in duration. The driver, or a representative on his/her behalf, may file an appeal of the disqualification issued by the Assistant Administrator's delegate with the Assistant Administrator, Adjudications Counsel, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (Room 8217), 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590.
- (d) Any disqualification imposed in accordance with the provisions of this section must be transmitted by the FMCSA to the jurisdiction where the driver is licensed and must become a part of the driver's record maintained by that jurisdiction.
- (e) A driver who is simultaneously disqualified under this section and under other provisions of this subpart, or under State law or regulation, shall serve those disqualification periods concurrently.

 $[67~{\rm FR}~49759,\,{\rm July}~31,\,2002]$ 

#### § 383.53 Penalties.

- (a) General rule. Any person who violates the rules set forth in subparts B and C of this part may be subject to civil or criminal penalties as provided for in 49 U.S.C. 521(b).
- (b) Special penalties pertaining to violation of out-of-service orders—(1) Driver violations. A driver who is convicted of violating an out-of-service order shall

be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,100 nor more than \$2,750, in addition to disqualification under \$383.51(e).

- (2) Employer violations. An employer who is convicted of a violation of §383.37(e) shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$2,750 nor more than \$11,000.
- (c) Special penalties pertaining to rail-road-highway grade crossing violations. An employer who is convicted of a violation of §383.37(d) must be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000.

[59 FR 26028, May 18, 1994, as amended at 64 FR 48111, Sept. 2, 1999; 67 FR 49759, July 31, 2002]

# Subpart E—Testing and Licensing Procedures

SOURCE: 53 FR 27649, July 21, 1988, unless otherwise noted.

# § 383.71 Driver application procedures.

- (a) *Initial Commercial Driver's License*. Prior to obtaining a CDL, a person must meet the following requirements:
- (1) A person who operates or expects to operate in interstate or foreign commerce, or is otherwise subject to part 391 of this title, shall certify that he/she meets the qualification requirements contained in part 391 of this title. A person who operates or expects to operate entirely in intrastate commerce and is not subject to part 391, is subject to State driver qualification requirements and must certify that he/she is not subject to part 391:
- (2) Pass a knowledge test in accordance with the standards contained in subparts G and H of this part for the type of motor vehicle the person operates or expects to operate;
- (3) Pass a driving or skills test in accordance with the standards contained in subparts G and H of this part taken in a motor vehicle which is representative of the type of motor vehicle the person operates or expects to operate; or provide evidence that he/she has successfully passed a driving test administered by an authorized third party;
- (4) Certify that the motor vehicle in which the person takes the driving skills test is representative of the type

of motor vehicle that person operates or expects to operate;

- (5) Provide to the State of issuance the information required to be included on the CDL as specified in subpart J of this part;
- (6) Certify that he/she is not subject to any disqualification under §383.51, or any license suspension, revocation, or cancellation under State law, and that he/she does not have a driver's license from more than one State or jurisdiction:
- (7) Surrender the applicant's non-CDL driver's licenses to the State; and
- (8) Provide the names of all States where the applicant has previously been licensed to drive any type of motor vehicle during the previous 10 years.
- (9) If applying for a hazardous materials endorsement, comply with Transportation Security Administration requirements codified in 49 CFR Part 1572, and provide proof of citizenship or immigration status as specified in Table 1 to this section. A lawful permanent resident of the United States requesting a hazardous materials endorsement must additionally provide his or her Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services (BCIS) Alien registration number.

TABLE 1 TO § 383.71—LIST OF ACCEPTABLE PROOFS OF CITIZENSHIP OR IMMIGRATION

THOOLS OF OTHER NORM ON INMINIGRATION	
Status	Proof of status
U.S. Citizen  Lawful Permanent Resident.	U.S. Passport Certificate of birth that bears an official seal and was issued by a State, county, municipal authority, or outlying possession of the United States Certification of Birth Abroad issued by the U.S. Department of State (Form FS–545 or DS 1350) Certificate of Naturalization (Form N–550 or N–570) Certificate of U.S. Citizenship (Form N–560 or N–561) Permanent Resident Card, Alien Registration Receipt Card (Form I–551) Temporary I–551 stamp in foreign passport Temporary I–551 stamp on Form I–94, Arrival/Departure Record, with photograph of the bearer Reentry Permit (Form I–327)
	United States Certification of Birth Abroad issued by the U.S. Department of State (Form FS-545 or DS 1350) Certificate of Naturalization (Form N-550 or N-570) Certificate of U.S. Citizenship (Form N-560 or N-561) Permanent Resident Card, Alier Registration Receipt Card (Form I-551) Temporary I-551 stamp in foreign passport Temporary I-551 stamp on Form I-94, Arrival/Departure Record with photograph of the bearer

(b) *License transfer*. When applying to transfer a CDL from one State of domicile to a new State domicile, an appli-

- cant shall apply for a CDL from the new State of domicile within no more than 30 days after establishing his/her new domicile. The applicant shall:
- (1) Provide to the new State of domicile the certifications contained in §383.71(a) (1) and (6):
- (2) Provide to the new State of domicile updated information as specified in subpart J of this part;
- (3) If the applicant wishes to retain a hazardous materials endorsement, he/she must comply with the requirements for such endorsement specified in §383.71(a)(9) and State requirements as specified in §383.73(b)(4);
- (4) Surrender the CDL from the old State of domicile to the new State of domicile; and
- (5) Provide the names of all States where the applicant has previously been licensed to drive any type of motor vehicle during the previous 10 years.
- (c) License renewal. When applying for a renewal of a CDL, all applicants shall:
- (1) Provide certification contained in §383.71(a)(1):
- (2) Provide update information as specified in subpart J of this part; and
- (3) If a person wishes to retain a hazardous materials endorsement, he/she must comply with the requirements specified in §383.71(a)(9) and pass the test specified in §383.121 for such endorsement.
- (4) Provide the names of all States where the applicant has previously been licensed to drive any type of motor vehicle during the previous 10 years.
- (d) License upgrades. When applying to operate a commercial motor vehicle in a different group or endorsement from the group or endorsement in which the applicant already has a CDL, all persons shall:
- (1) Provide the necessary certifications as specified in §383.71(a)(1) and (a)(4);
- (2) Pass all tests specified in  $\S383.71(a)(2)$  and (a)(3) for the new vehicle group and/or different endorsements; and
- (3) To obtain a hazardous materials endorsement, comply with the requirements for such endorsement specified in §383.71(a)(9).

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- (e) Nonresident CDL. When an applicant is domiciled in a foreign jurisdiction, as defined in §383.5, where the commercial motor vehicle operator testing and licensing standards do not meet the standards contained in subparts G and H of this part, as determined by the Administrator, such applicant shall obtain a Nonresident CDL from a State which meets such standards. Such applicant shall:
- (1) Complete the requirements to obtain a CDL contained in §383.71(a); and
- (2) After receipt of the CDL, and for as long as it is valid, notify the State which issued the CDL of any adverse action taken by any jurisdiction or governmental agency, foreign or domestic, against his/her driving privileges. Such adverse actions would include but not be limited to license suspension or revocation, or disqualification from operating a commercial motor vehicle for the convictions described in §383.51. Notifications shall be made within the time periods specified in §383.33.
- (f) If a State uses the alternative method described in §383.73(i) to achieve the objectives of the certifications in §383.71(a), then the driver applicant shall satisfy such alternative methods as are applicable to him/her with respect to initial licensing, license transfer, license renewal, and license upgrades.

[53 FR 27649, July 21, 1988, as amended at 67 FR 49759, July 31, 2002; 68 FR 23849, May 5, 2003]

# § 383.72 Implied consent to alcohol testing.

Any person who holds a CDL is considered to have consented to such testing as is required by any State or jurisdiction in the enforcement of §\$383.51(b)(2)(i) and 392.5(a)(2) of this chapter. Consent is implied by driving a commercial motor vehicle.

[66 FR 49872, Oct. 1, 2001]

## § 383.73 State procedures.

- (a) *Initial licensure*. Prior to issuing a CDL to a person, a State shall:
- (1) Require the driver applicant to certify, pass tests, and provide information as described in §§ 383.71(a) (1) through (6);

- (2) Check that the vehicle in which the applicant takes his/her test is representative of the vehicle group the applicant has certified that he/she operates or expects to operate;
- (3) Initiate and complete a check of the applicant's driving record to ensure that the person is not subject to any disqualification under \$383.51, or any license suspension, revocation, or cancellation under State law, and that the person does not have a driver's license from more than one State or jurisdiction. The record check must include, but is not limited to, the following:
- (i) A check of the applicant's driving record as maintained by his/her current State of licensure, if any;
- (ii) A check with the CDLIS to determine whether the driver applicant already has been issued a CDL, whether the applicant's license has been suspended, revoked, or canceled, or if the applicant has been disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle;
- (iii) A check with the National Driver Register (NDR) to determine whether the driver applicant has:
- (A) Been disqualified from operating a motor vehicle (other than a commercial motor vehicle);
- (B) Had a license (other than CDL) suspended, revoked, or canceled for cause in the 3-year period ending on the date of application; or
- (C) Been convicted of any offenses contained in section 205(a)(3) of the National Driver Register Act of 1982 (23 U.S.C. 401 note); and
- (iv) A request for the applicant's complete driving record from all States where the applicant was previously licensed over the last 10 years to drive any type of motor vehicle. *Exception:* A State is only required to make the driving record check specified in this paragraph (a)(3) for drivers renewing a CDL for the first time after September 30, 2002, provided a notation is made on the driver's record confirming that the driver record check required by this paragraph (a)(3) has been made and noting the date it was done; and
- (4) Require the driver applicant to surrender his/her driver's license issued by another State, if he/she has moved from another State.
- (5) For persons applying for a hazardous materials endorsement, require